#### § 28.45

in similar misconduct or to have dealt dishonestly with the Government of the United States or of a State, directly or indirectly;

- (16) The need to deter the respondent and others from engaging in the same or similar misconduct; and
- (17) The respondent's ability to pay, and
- (18) Any other factors that in any given case may mitigate or aggravate the seriousness of the false claim or statement.
- (c) Stays ordered by the Department of Justice. If at any time the Attorney General of the United States or an Assistant Attorney General designated by the Attorney General notifies the Secretary in writing that continuation of HUD's case may adversely affect any pending or potential criminal or civil action related to the claim or statement at issue, the ALJ or the Secretary shall stay the process immediately. The case may be resumed only upon receipt of the written authorization of the Attorney General.

[61 FR 50213, Sept. 24, 1996, as amended at 73 FR 76832, Dec. 17, 2008]

#### § 28.45 Settlements.

- (a) HUD and the respondent may enter into a settlement agreement at any time prior to the issuing of a notice of final determination under §26.50 of this title.
- (b) Failure of the respondent to comply with a settlement agreement shall be sufficient cause for resuming an action under this part, or for any other judicial or administrative action.

# PART 30—CIVIL MONEY PENALTIES: CERTAIN PROHIBITED CONDUCT

# Subpart A—General

Sec.

30.1 Purpose and scope.

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30.10 Definitions.

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#### Subpart B—Violations

- 30.20 Ethical violations by HUD employees. 30.25 Violations by applicants for assistance.
- 30.30 Urban Homestead violations.
- 30.35 Mortgagees and lenders.
- 30.36 Other participants in FHA programs.

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- 30.40 Loan guarantees for Indian housing. 30.45 Multifamily and section 202 or 811 mortgagors.
- 30.50 GNMA issuers and custodians.
- 30.55 Interstate Land Sales violations.
- 30.60 Dealers or loan correspondents.
- 30.65 Failure to disclose lead-based paint hazards.
- 30.68 Section 8 owners.

### **Subpart C—Procedures**

- 30.70 Prepenalty notice.
- 30.75 Response to prepenalty notice.
- 30.80 Factors in determining amount of civil money penalty.
- 30.85 Complaint.
- 30.90 Response to the complaint.
- 30.95 Hearings.
- 30.100 Settlement of a civil money penalty action.

AUTHORITY: 12 U.S.C. 1701q-1, 1703, 1723i, 1735f-14, and 1735f-15; 15 U.S.C. 1717a; 28 U.S.C. 2461 note; 42 U.S.C. 1437z-1 and 3535(d).

SOURCE: 61 FR 50215, Sept. 24, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

# Subpart A—General

## §30.1 Purpose and scope.

Unless provided for elsewhere in this title or under separate authority, this part implements HUD's civil money penalty provisions. The procedural rules for hearings under this part are those applicable to hearings in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, as set forth in 24 CFR part 26.

[74 FR 2751, Jan. 15, 2009]

#### § 30.5 Effective dates.

- (a) Under §30.20, a civil money penalty may be imposed for violations occurring on or after May 22, 1991.
- (b) Under §§ 30.25, 30.35, 30.45, 30.50, 30.55, and 30.60, a civil money penalty may be imposed for any violations that occur on or after December 15, 1989.
- (c) Under §30.30, a civil money penalty may be imposed with respect to any property transferred for use under section 810 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1706e), after January 1, 1981, to a state, a unit of general local government, or a public agency or qualified community organization designated by a unit of general local government, or a transferee of any such entity.